July 13, 2005

Att. Ms. Judy Swann, Examiners Supervisor U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

The copy of this letter has been sent to Mr. Michael J. Kyle

Mr. Michael J. Kyle, Examiner Technology Center 3600 US PTO

Dear Mr. Michael J. Kyle:

This is reference to the final Office Action for Application No, 10/621,487 Art Unit 3676. Please let me discuss Frey's Patent No. 1,034.008, dated July 30, 1912, by which you have rejected my patent locking claims.

This is a registered mail follow up of the letter I sent you two weeks ago. According to your judgment, Mr. Frey's patent has two vertical planes like my invention, yet mine is a locking hinge.

Mr. Frey in his entire specification has never ever used word 'locking'. Why are you considering Mr. Frye's invention is a locking hinge? That vertical planes are stopping and starting point, not a locking means. When it is closed, what could lock the Frey's hinge? The hinge is always ready for rotation by any horizontal force, in the direction to separate the vertical planes.

There are big differences between the positions of my two vertical planes and Mr. Frye's vertical planes.

Frey's drawing Fig.6 (part 13), and Fig. 7 (part14), which are the base of his invention should complement each other, it never do so. They do not fit each other. I actually made a prototype of his figure. If one plane was made a complement of the other, then it will act as one-way self-closing hinge, as he claimed. Frey's drawings, on which you are rejecting my invention, is incorrect.

My hinge is locked when closed, not any horizontal force can rotate the hinge leaves, until one vertical plane be raised to the top of other vertical plane, and then be able to rotate in desired directions. (The raising causes to rely the door latch on other end.)

On the back of my invented hinge drawing, there is Frey's drawing and on the right side, I have drawn the complement and corrected of Frey's Fig. 6-7 drawings.

Please reconsider and clear this misunderstanding of Office Action, before the limit period is over. I appreciate the examiners' difficult and responsible duty.

Best Regards, nels sain

Ara Dionysian, 12550 Allin Street, Los Angeles, CA 90066-6718 e-mail; aradionysian@yahoo.com

S. PREV.
GRAVITY HINGE.
APPLICATION PILED JUNE 16, 1011.

1,034,008. Patented July 30, 1912. 0 Fice ci Ö 0 O 0 0 0 Juventoz ar sadad Witness. J. R. Pierce

Frey's drawings are based on imagination not on prototype .

This formulation convoles

(3(a) = 1.4(b)

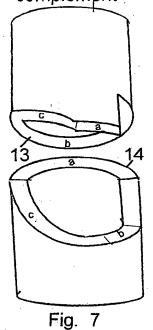
13(b) = 14 (a)

13(c) = 14 (c)

to fit together

Frey's 13 (a) is 140 degree how it could fit to 14(b)=40 degree 19(a)=14(a) 13(b)=14(b)

Fig. 6 or one of them should be like This The complement



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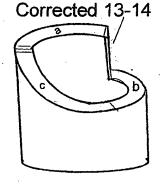
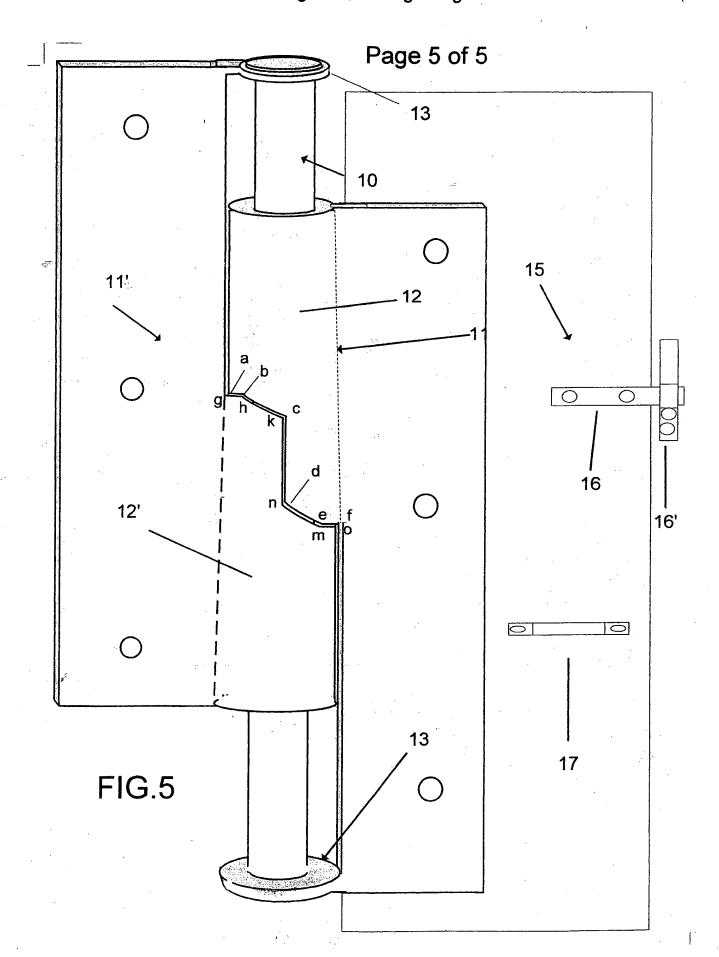


Fig. 6 - 7 (a,b and c = 120 degree)



July 12, 2005

Mr. Michael J. Kyle, Examiner Technology Center 3600 US PTO

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Best Regards.

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e-mail; aradionysian@yahoo.com

CC: Ms. Judy Swann, Technology Center, USPTO

S. FREY.
GRAVITY HINGE.
APPLICATION FILED JUNE 15, 1011.

1,034,008. Patented July 30, 1912. Tic.O. 0 Fica el Fic-S. 0 Ö 0 0 0 0 Juventor wearing and the second Witness. J. R. Pierce

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This formula control's 13(a) = 14(b) 13(b) = 14 (a) 13(c) =14 (c) to fit together

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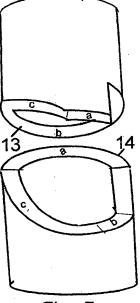


Fig. 7

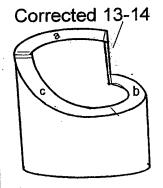
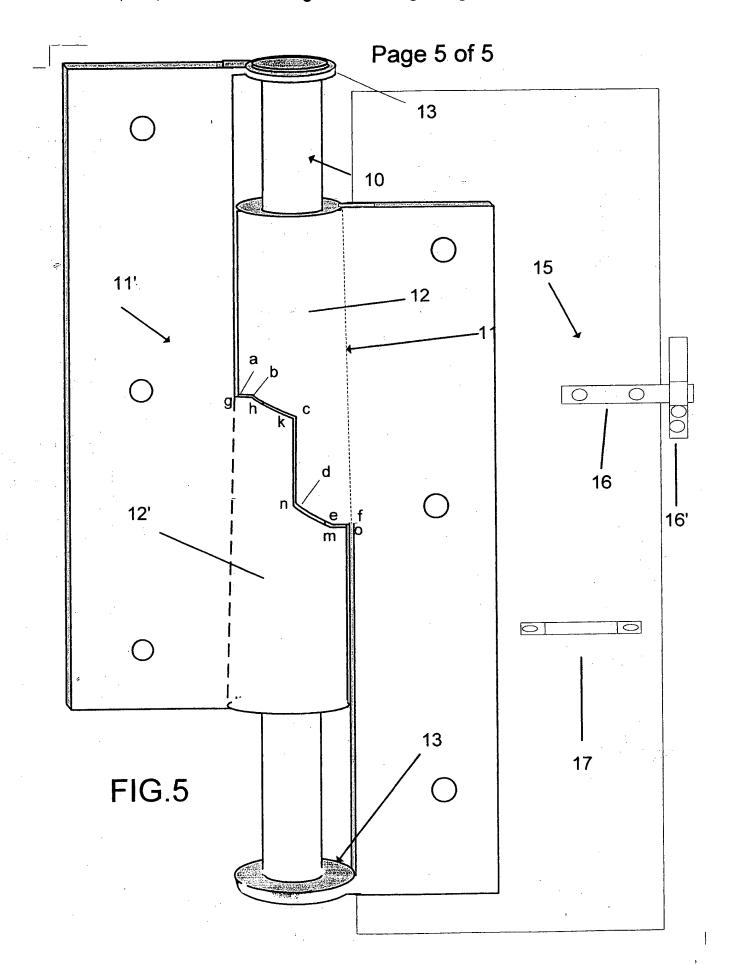


Fig. 6 - 7 (a,b and c = 120 degree)

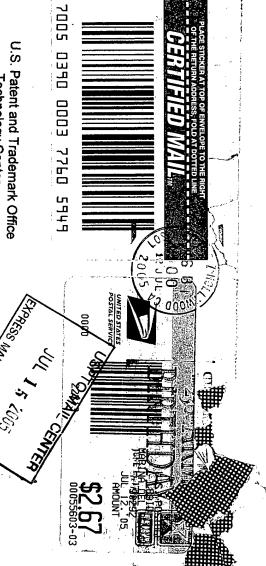


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S. O. Christian

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